If you are not for Zero Waste... how much waste are you for?



Joan Marc Simon Executive Director www.zerowasteeurope.eu
news.zerowasteeurope.eu
www.zerowastecities.eu
Facebook.com/zerowasteeurope
@zerowasteeurope



Empowering Our Communitties to Redesign relationships with resources

Town to Town, People to People – Building a European Culture of Zero Waste

Program Europe for Citizens



10 Partners – 4 conferences



Empowering Our Communitties to Redesign

In a number of regions, local groups of individuals, businesses and city officials are taking significant steps towards eliminating waste in our society.

ZWE engages at two levels:

- Supporting local groups with knowledge and tools to drive change,
- Structuring the movement internationally to represent the interests of our communities.

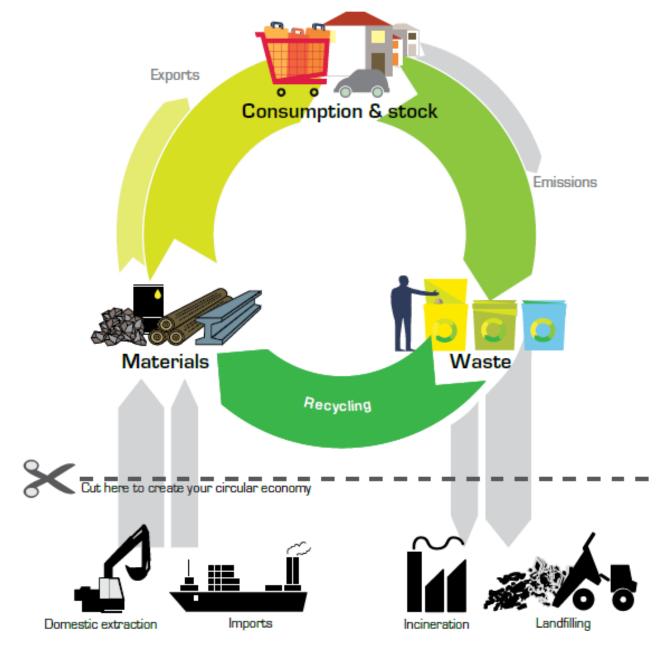
ZWE represents active communities in 18 countries.



Why Zero Waste?



Extraction Production Distribution Consumption Disposal



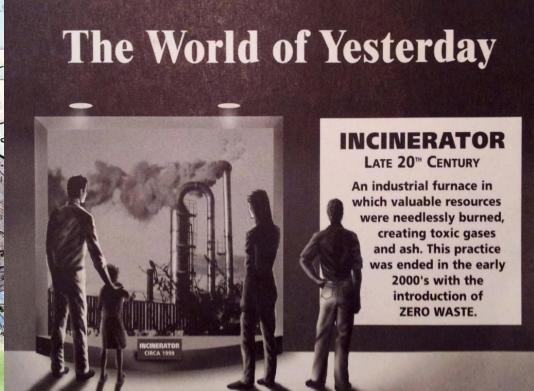
Source: European Environmental Agency (EEA)

zerowaste

NO BURN

NO BURY





New world, new context

20th CENTURY

WASTE MANAGEMENT

" How do we get rid of our waste efficiently with minimum damage to our health and the environment?"

21st CENTURY

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

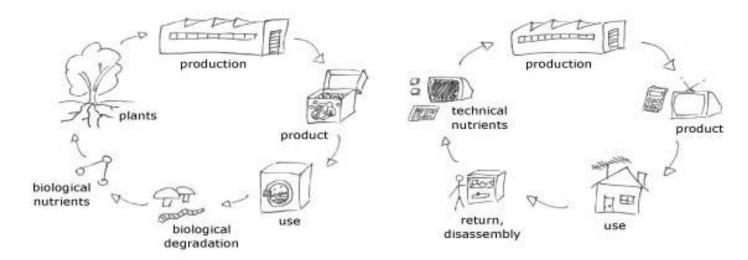
"How do we handle our resources in ways which the value and embodied energy are preserved for future generations?"

What is Zero Waste?

principles



Make waste visible to design it out of the system



biological cycle for Products for Consumption technical cycle for Products for Service "If a product can't be reused, repaired, refurbished, recycled or composted it it needs to be redesigned or taken out of the system"





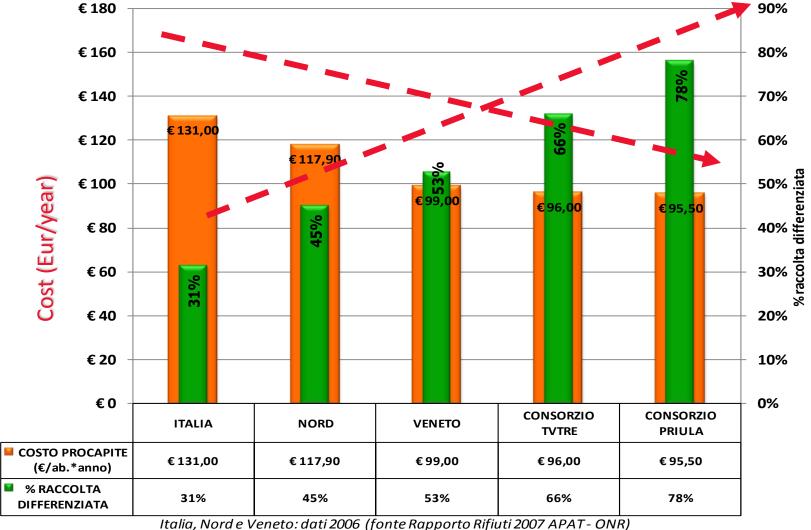


Excellent separate collection

No recyclables or compostables can end up in disposal facilities



Separate collection - more expensive?



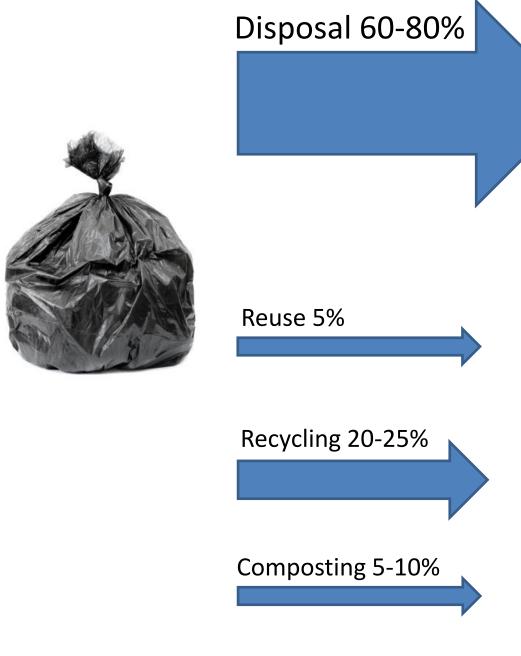
Italia, Nord e Veneto: dati 2006 (fonte Rapporto Rifiuti 2007 APAT - ONR) Consorzio Priula e Consorzio TvTre: costi dati 2008 - % RD stima anno 2008

Stop superfluous waste => reduce resource & product use





TRADITIONAL WASTE MANAGEMENT in EU27





Incineration WtE, gasification, pyrolisis...)

Co-incineration (Cement kilns, biomass plants...)





ZERO WASTE SCENARIO – RESOURCE EFFICIENT EU



Residual <10%













Repair & Reuse 10%



Recycling 30-35%

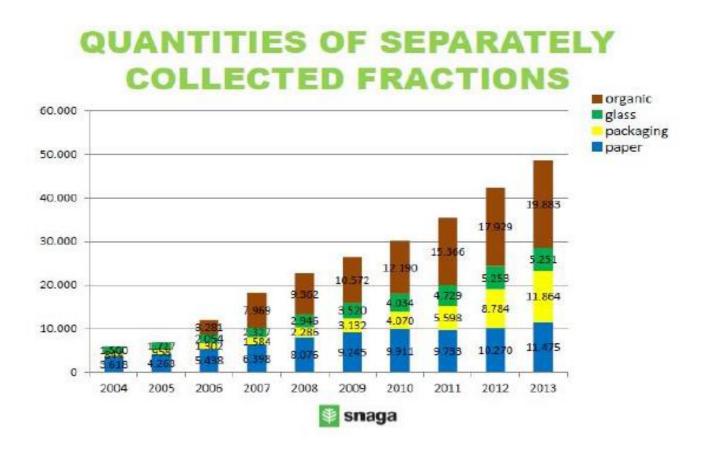




Ljubljana (Slovenia) – 1st EU capital to declare ZW in Europe



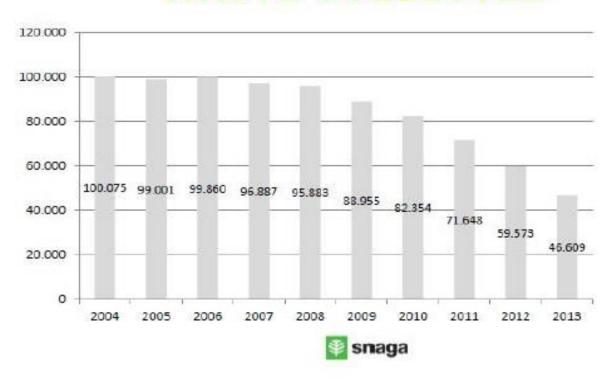
Ljubljana – separate collection results

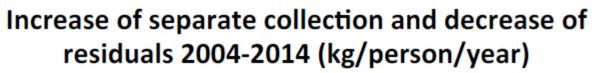


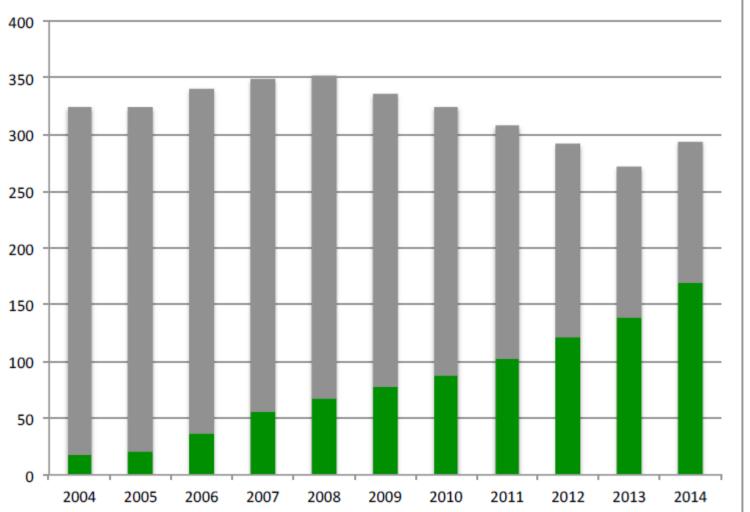
www.ebm.si/zw I info@ebm.si I FB: Ekologibrezmeja I Twitter: @ocistimo

Ljubljana – results

QUANTITIES OF RESIDUAL WASTE COLLECTED







15% waste reduction

59% residual waste reduction

61% recycling rate

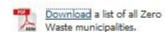
www.zerowastecities.eu

Network of European Zero Waste Municipalities

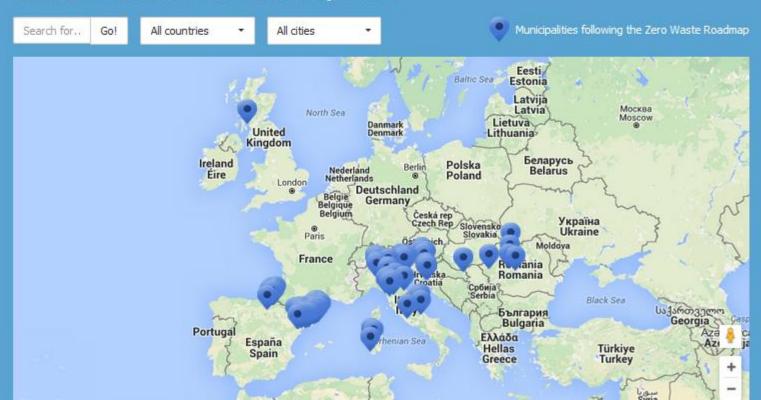
English *

What defines a "Zero Waste Municipality" is the firm and verifiable commitment to move towards Zero Waste and the results that it delivers.

Zero Waste Europe brings together and represents the European municipalities that have openly committed to the goal of continuously reducing waste generation and improving waste separate collection and hence redesigning the relationship between people and waste.



Browse data from Zero Waste municipalities:



www.zerowastecities.eu

Network of European Zero Waste Municipalities

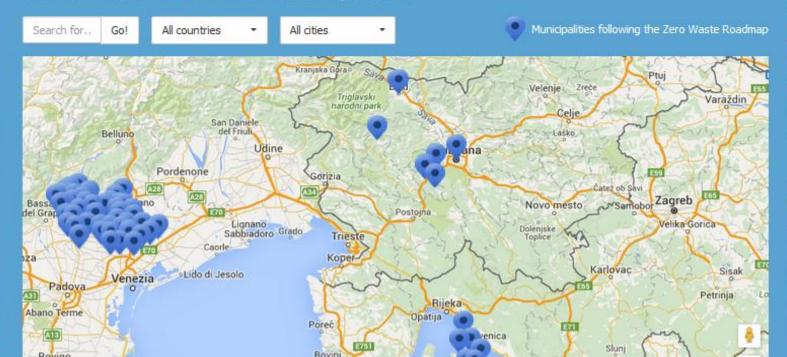
English *

What defines a "Zero Waste Municipality" is the firm and verifiable commitment to move towards Zero Waste and the results that it delivers.

Zero Waste Europe brings together and represents the European municipalities that have openly committed to the goal of continuously reducing waste generation and improving waste separate collection and hence redesigning the relationship between people and waste.



Browse data from Zero Waste municipalities:



www.zerowastecities.eu



Ljubljana, Slovenia

It accounts for Ljubljana and 9 other suburban municipalities, in all of which Snaga is the company managing municipal waste.

SHARE YOUR BENCHMARK: f in



BENCHMARK THIS DATA AGAINST OTHER EUROPEAN CITIES

Commitment to work towards Zero Waste: Joined ZW strategy: 2014

Municipal Solid Waste generation:

325 Kg per Capita 2010 2014 283 Kg per Capita 2025 280 Kg per Capita

European average 2013: 481 Kg per Capita

Separate collection rate:

27 % 2010 2014 61 % 2025 78 %

European average 2013: 41%

Residual waste per capita per year: 110

Separate collection of organic waste:

Type of separate collection:

biowaste and residuals. packaging(plastic and metal), paper;

Door to door:

Roadside: glass

Pay-as-you-throw?

No

Yes

What fractions are collected:

biowaste, packaging (plastic, metal), glass, paper, residuals; in collection centers: hazardous waste, metals, plastic, waste electronic and electric equipment, garden waste, construction waste, car tires, wood and wooden products, bulky waste, clothes and textiles.

Notes:

http://www.ljubljana.si/si/mol/; email: glavna.pisarna@ljubljana.si; tel: +9 +388 (0)1 308 10 00;





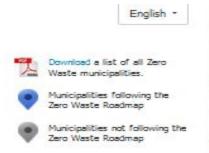


comparetool.zerowasteeurope.eu

Network of European Zero Waste Municipalities

What defines a "Zero Waste Municipality" is the firm and verifiable commitment to move towards Zero Waste and the results that it will deliver in the next years.

Zero Waste Europe brings together and represents the European municipalities that have openly committed to the goal of continuously reducing waste generation and improving waste separate collection and hence redesigning the relationship between people and waste.



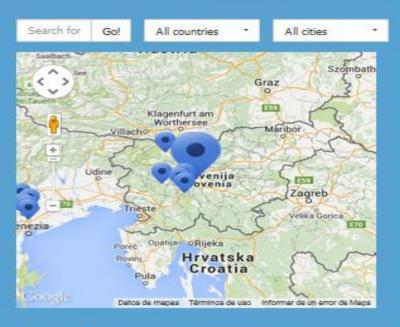
Compare data from european municipalities:



SHARE YOUR BENCHMARK: 1

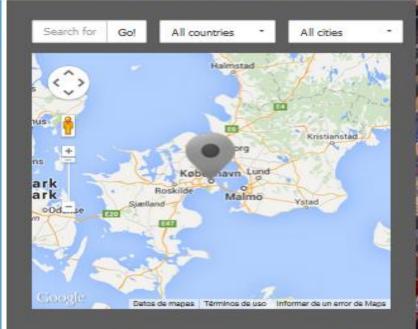


GET STARTED WITH ZERO WASTE



Ljubljana, Slovenia

It accounts for Ljubljana and 9 other suburban municipalities, in all of which Snaga is the company



Copenhagen, Denmark

comparetool.zerowasteeurope.eu

Ljubljana, Slovenia

It accounts for Ljubljana and 9 other suburban municipalities, in all of which Snaga is the company managing municipal waste.

Copenhagen, Denmark

Commitment to work towards Zero Waste:

Yes

Municipal Solid Waste generation:

 2010
 325 Kg per Capita

 2014
 283 Kg per Capita

 2025
 280 Kg per Capita

European average 2013: 481 Kg per Capita

Separate collection rate:

Pay-as-you-throw?

2010 27 % 2014 61 % 2025 78 % European average 2013: 41%

Residual waste per capita per year: 110

kg

No

Joined ZW strategy: 2014

Separate collection of organic waste: Yes

Type of separate collection: Door to door:

biowaste and residuals, packaging(plastic and metal),

paper; Roadside: glass

Commitment to work towards Zero Waste:

No

ka

Municipal Solid Waste generation:

2012 Kg per Capita 425.51 Kg per Capita Kg per Capita

European average 2013: 481 Kg per Capita

Separate collection rate:

2012 32.99 % %

European average 2013: 41%

Residual waste per capita per year: 289

Joined ZW strategy:

Separate collection of organic waste: No

Type of separate collection: door-to-door

Pay-as-you-throw? Yes

What fractions are collected:

packaging, glass, paper/cardboard and mixed waste

Notes:



How to become a ZW municipality?



WHY ZERO WASTE?

- 1) It provides a durable solution that is faster, cheaper and more flexible to implement,
- Keeps most of the money spent on the system in the local area, creating jobs and small business opportunities
- 3) Integrates higher education into solution
- 4) It is better for the local economy & better for the planet

Message: Yes we can!



Thank you!



www.zerowasteeurope.eu news.zerowasteeurope.eu Facebook.com/zerowasteeurope @zerowasteeurope